

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

By inputting words of source language as a keyword (31), a translation pairs are extracted (50) from a parallel corpus database including source language and target one. From the partially corresponding information on the translation sentence, a corresponding phrase group table formed by the corresponding phase of the target language corresponding to the source language phrase including a keyword phrase f the source language is stored (60). Text generator (70) assumes a relationship between the phrases of different language contained in the corresponding phrase group table and generates a text sentence candidate (32) of the target language.

Expression of reference letters

30 Text generation Apparatus
31 Japanese keyword
32 English text sentence
40 Input unit
50 Translation pair extractor
60 Keyword-related phrase storage unit
70 Text generator
80 Output unit
a,k "彼女 (kanojyo) /She"
b,l "公園 (kouen) /Park"
c,m "行く (iku) /go"
d,n "公園へ行った。 (kouen he itta.)/I went to the park."
e,o "彼女と百貨店へ行った。 (kanojo to hyakkatten he itta)/I
went to the department store with her."
f,q "公園へ(Kouen he)/to the park"
g,r "行った(itta)/I ... went"
h,s "彼女と(kanojo to)/with her"
i "彼女と公園へ行った。 (kanojo to Kouen he itta.)/I went to
the park with her."
j "彼女は公園へ行った。 (kanojo ha Kouen he itta.)/She went
to the park."
p "彼女は動物園へ行った。 (Kanojo ha doubutsuen he itta.)/She
went to the zoo."
t "彼女は...行った(Kanojo ha ... itta)/She went ..."
u "動物園へ(doubutsuen he)/to the zoo"
v ①"彼女と公園へ行った。 (kanojo to Kouen he itta.)/I went to
the park with her."
w ②"彼女は動物園へ行った。 (Kanojo ha doubutsuen he
itta.)/She went to the zoo."
x ② has higher similarity than ①